Brief information about the project

Title	AP25794587 «Creation of biotechnology for atmospheric
	carbon sequestration by microalgae for green innovations»
Relevance	The development of civilization is directly proportional to
	the growth of energy demand. In this case, due to the
	growing demand for energy, coal continues to be one of
	the main sources of energy raw materials, but coal
	consumption is believed to emit the bulk of the world's
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	anthropogenic CO2. In this regard, a relatively new and
	less studied third-generation biofuel is put forward -
	microalgae biomass. CO2 sequestration through a
	microalgae system is considered a promising and feasible
	option. The combination of CO2 sequestration process
	and biofuel production in pellet form can provide an
	extremely promising alternative to existing fuels and CO2
	reduction technologies.
Goal	
	Create a biotechnology for atmospheric carbon sequestration using
	unique, natively adapted coal microalgae for green innovation.
Tasles	Tooley project
Tasks	Tasks projectTo isolate, identify and characterize (microbiological
	functional and chemical properties) microalgae from different
	water bodies contaminated with coal.
	To determine the optimal growth conditions for
	microalgae and promote their mass cultivation, collection and
	processing.
	Select microalgae strains with excellent resistance to high
	CO ₂ concentrations.
	 Determine conditions for maximum productivity of these
	biosystems, including algae type, light sources, nutrients, pH
	temperature, and mass transfer.
	Design a photobioreactor with appropriate equipment
	suitable for growing microalgae biomass.
	To study the ability of algae to capture carbon dioxide by
	introducing highly concentrated CO ₂ gas, commonly found in
	flue gases from industry.
	• Collect and characterize coal samples based on their
	chemical composition and morphological characteristics using technical (proximate) and elemental (ultimate), spectroscopic
	and microscopic analyses.
	To study the thermogravimetric characteristics of coal and
	determine the composition of gases emitted during coal
	combustion.
	To investigate the effect of using algae on reducing
	emissions of pollutants, CO ₂ ,NOx and SO x
	To study the potential of using microalgae as a binding
	agent in the creation of pellets from a complex of microalgae
	biomass and coal.
	To investigate the importance of the selected proportion of
	microalgae and carbon for the best strength of the granule
	structure and maximum calorific value.

- Design a form of granulated biofuel from coal and microalgae.
- To study the processes of step-by-step conversion of biomass: ignition, decomposition (pyrolysis) and combustion.
- To examine the thermogravimetric characteristics of formulated coal and microalgae pellets and to determine the composition of gases emitted during coal combustion.
- To investigate the behaviour of formulated coal and microalgae pellets under co-firing.
- To study the characteristics of pellets through compressive strength and water resistance analyses.
- To explore the emissions (gases, soot, ash) formed after combustion of coal with microalgae.
- Scaling up the production of fuel pellets from coal and microalgae to assess commercial potential and test technological risks.

Expected and Achieved Results

Expected Results:

- By 2025: Microalgae samples will be selected and characterized. The optimal conditions for microalgae growth will be determined. The ability of microalgae to capture carbon dioxide (CO₂) will be studied.
- By 2026: Coal samples will be collected and analyzed; the thermogravimetric characteristics of coal will be determined, as well as the composition of gases released during coal combustion. The effect of used microalgae on the reduction of pollutant emissions, including NOx and SOx, will be analyzed. Through a comprehensive analysis, the potential of using microalgae as a binding agent in the creation of pellets from a complex of microalgae biomass and coal will be studied. The importance of the selected proportion of microalgae and coal for the best structural strength of the pellets and maximum calorific value will be assessed.
- By 2027: The form of granulated biofuel from coal and microalgae will be developed. All step-by-step conversion processes—ignition, decomposition (pyrolysis), studied. combustion—will be The thermogravimetric characteristics of the formulated coal and microalgae pellets will be determined. The behavior of these formulated pellets under co-firing conditions will be examined. characteristics of the pellets will be assessed through compressive strength and water resistance analyses. Emissions generated after the combustion of coal with microalgae (soot, ash, volatile compounds) will be studied. Large quantities of fuel pellets from coal and microalgae will be produced to evaluate their commercial potential and to test technological risks. Data will be obtained on the overall process efficiency, including investment and operational costs. Scientific articles will be published in international peer-reviewed journals: at least two (2) articles in journals ranked in the top three quartiles by impact factor in the Web of Science database or with a CiteScore percentile of at least 50 in the Scopus database. Target journals for submission include: Fuel Processing Technology: Quartile 1 (Q1), CiteScore percentile – 93 (General Chemical Engineering) https://www.scopus.com/sourceid/16315 Scientific Reports: Quartile 1 (Q1), CiteScore percentile – 92 (Multidisciplinary)

	https://www.scopus.com/sourceid/21100200805
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Publications list with links to them	Evaluating the low-rank coal degradation efficiency bioaugmented with activated sludge, Scientific Reports (№14, 2024) https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-64275-2 Hydrogenotrophic methanogenesis in coal-bearing environments: Methane production, carbon sequestration, and hydrogen availability, International Journal of Hydrogen Energy (2023) https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijhydene.2023.09.223
	Patent № 10021 Пайдалы модель Төмен сортты көмірді еріту тәсілі Способ солюбилизации низкосортного угля Method of solubilization of low-grade coal